

Amendments to the Claims

1. (currently amended): In a communication system receiver, a method of adjusting an outer loop threshold (OLT) for power control comprising:
 - obtaining a frame quality indicator; and
 - obtaining a channel quality metric E_b/N_t ;
 - if the frame quality indicator is equal to a logic zero,
 - obtaining an average E_b/N_t ($avgEbNt$); and
 - using E_b/N_t and $avgEbNt$ to calculate a stepsize used to increase the OLT; wherein the stepsize is calculated using
 $upDelta = baseUpDelta * (E_b/N_t) / avgEbNt$ and wherein $baseUpDelta$
is a predetermined scaling factor.
2. (cancelled)
3. (currently amended): The method of claim 2 1 wherein the OLT is increased using the equation $OLT(n) = OLT(n-1) \times upDelta$.
4. (original): The method of claim 1 wherein the channel quality metric E_b/N_t is calculated using the equation $E_b/N_t = (\sum_{i=1}^N sgn(Out(i)) \cdot \ln(i))^2 / (\sum_{i=1}^N \ln(i))^2 - (\sum_{i=1}^N sgn(Out(i)) \cdot \ln(i))^2$.
5. (original): In a communication system receiver having a target frame error rate (tFER), a method of adjusting an outer loop threshold (OLT) for power control comprising:
 - obtaining a frame quality indicator; and
 - if the frame quality indicator is equal to a logic one for an adaptively determined amount of consecutive frames, decreasing the OLT.

6. (original): The method of claim 5 further comprising using the frame quality indicator to calculate a measured frame error rate (mFER) and wherein the amount of frames is adaptively determined using the equation

$$\text{adaptively determined amount of frames} = \text{mFER}/\text{tFER}^2.$$

7. (original): The method of claim 5 further comprising the steps of:

obtaining channel quality metrics E_b/N_t ;

obtaining an average E_b/N_t (avgEbNt);

obtaining a minimum E_b/N_t (minEbNt); and

using avgEbNt and minEbNt to calculate a stepsize used to decrease the OLT.

8. (original): The method of claim 7 wherein the stepsize is calculated using the equation $\text{dnDelta} = \text{baseDnDelta} \cdot \text{avgEbNt} / \text{minEbNt}$ and wherein baseDnDelta is a predetermined scaling factor.

9. (original): The method of claim 8 wherein the OLT is decreased using the equation $\text{OLT}(n) = \text{OLT}(n-1) / \text{dnDelta}$.

10. (original): In a communication system receiver having a target frame error rate (tFER), a method of adjusting an outer loop threshold (OLT) for power control comprising:

obtaining a frame quality indicator;

if the frame quality indicator is not equal to a logic zero and the frame quality indicator is not equal to a logic one for an adaptively determined amount of consecutive frames, adjusting the OLT according to a comparison of a fadeDepth(i) and a fadeDepth(i-1).

11. (currently amended): The method of claim 10 wherein the OLT is adjusted using the equation $OLT(i) = OLT(i-1) \cdot floatDelta$, when $fadeDepth(i) > fadeDepth(i-1)$; wherein floatDelta is a predefined constant.

12. (currently amended): The method of claim 10 wherein the OLT is adjusted using the equation $OLT(i) = OLT(i-1) / floatDelta$, when $fadeDepth(i) < fadeDepth(i-1)$; wherein floatDelta is a predefined constant.